

# CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

Bachelor of Education – Special Education

**B.Ed Spl. Ed (HI)**

(1<sup>st</sup> Year)

**B.ED. SPL. EDU. (HI) 1<sup>ST</sup> YEAR**

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	PAPER NAME	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL
1	A-1	HUMAN GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT	20	80	100
2	A-2	CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION	20	80	100
3	A-3	LEARNING, TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT	20	80	100
4	A-4 (P-1 <sup>st</sup> )	PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SCIENCES OR PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS OR PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL SCIENCE	20	80	100
5	A-4 (P-2 <sup>nd</sup> )				
6	A-4 (P-3 <sup>rd</sup> )				
7	A-5 (P-4 <sup>th</sup> )	PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING HINDI OR PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING ENGLISH	20	80	100
8	A-5 (P-5 <sup>th</sup> )				
9	B-6	INCLUSIVE EDUCATION	10	40	50
10	B-7	INTRODUCTION TO SENSORY DISABILITIES	10	40	50
11	B-8	INTRODUCTION TO NEURO DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES	10	40	50
12	B-9	INTRODUCTION TO LOCOMOTOR AND MULTIPLE DISABILITIES	10	40	50
13	C-12	ASSESSMENT AND IDENTIFICATION OF NEEDS	20	80	100
14	C-13	CURRICULUM DESIGNING, ADAPTATION AND EVALUATION	20	80	100
<b>PRACTICAL</b>					
15	E-1	CROSS DISABILITY & INCLUSION	25	25	50
16	E-2	DISABILITY SPECIALISATION	25	25	50
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>			<b>230</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>1000</b>

# HUMAN GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT

**Course Code: A 1**

**Credit: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

This course exposes student-teachers to the study of child and human development in order to gain a better understanding about variations and the influence of socio-cultural-political realities on development. A critical understanding of theoretical perspectives of development would aid in their application in teaching learning process. Through close observation of children in their natural environments the teacher trainee would be able to situate their theoretical knowledge within realistic frames. This course would also be able to equip them to reflect and critique the normative notions of childhood and adolescence.

## **Objectives**

After studying this course the student- teachers will be able to

- Explain the process of development with special focus on infancy, childhood and adolescence.*
- Critically analyze developmental variations among children.*
- Comprehend adolescence as a period of transition and threshold of adulthood.*
- Analyze different factors influencing child development.*

## **Unit 1: Approaches to Human Development**

- 1.1 Human development as a discipline from infancy to adulthood
- 1.2 Concepts and Principles of development
- 1.3 Developing Human- Stages (Prenatal development, Infancy, Childhood, Adolescence, Adulthood)
- 1.4 Nature vs Nurture
- 1.5 Domains (Physical, Sensory- perceptual, Cognitive, Socio-emotional, Language & communication, Social relationship)

## **Unit 2: Theoretical Approaches to Development**

- 2.1 Cognitive & Social- cognitive theories (Piaget, Vygotsky, Bruner, Bandura)
- 2.2 Psychosocial Theory (Erikson)
- 2.3 Psychoanalytic Theory (Freud)
- 2.4 Ecological Theory (Bronfrenbrenner)
- 2.5 Holistic Theory of Development (Steiner)

## **Unit 3: The Early Years (Birth to Eight Years)**

- 3.1 Prenatal development: Conception, stages and influences on prenatal development
- 3.2 Birth and Neonatal development: Screening the newborn - APGAR Score, Reflexes and responses, neuro-perceptual development

- 3.3 Milestones and variations in Development
- 3.4 Environmental factors influencing early childhood development
- 3.5 Role of play in enhancing development

#### **Unit 4: Early Adolescence (From nine years to eighteen years)**

- 4.1 Emerging capabilities across domains of physical and social emotional
- 4.2 Emerging capabilities across domains related to cognition - metacognition, creativity, ethics
  
- 4.3 Issues related to puberty
- 4.4 Gender and development
- 4.5 Influence of the environment (social, cultural, political) on the growing child

#### **Unit 5: Transitions into Adulthood**

- 5.1 Psychological well-being
- 5.2 Formation of identity and self-concept
- 5.3 Emerging roles and responsibilities
- 5.4 Life Skills and independent living
- 5.5 Career Choices

#### **Engagement with the field as part of course as indicated below**

##### Hands on Experience

- Observe children in various settings and identify milestones achieved.
- Seminar on human development
- Writing Journal for reflection and case study

##### **Suggested Readings**

- Berk, L. E. (2000). Human Development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Company, New York.
- Brisbane, E. H. (2004). The developing child. Mc.Graw Hill, USA.
- Cobb, N. J. (2001). The child infants, children and adolescents. Mayfield Publishing Company, California.
- Hurlocl, E. B. (2005). Child growth and development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New York.
- Hurlocl, E. B. (2006). Developmental Psychology- A life span approach. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- Meece, J. S., & Eccles J. L (Eds) (2010). Handbook of Research on Schools, Schooling and Human Development. New York: Routledge.
- Mittal, S. (2006). Child development- Experimental Psychology. Isha Books, Delhi.
- Nisha, M. (2006). Introduction to child development, Isha Books, Delhi.
- Papalia, D. E., & Olds, S. W. (2005). Human development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New York.

# CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION

**Course Code: A2**

**Credit: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

This course will enable student-teachers to explore education from philosophical and sociological perspective and hands on experience of engaging with diverse communities, children and schools. It also traces the educational developments in the historical context leading to contemporary India. The course also includes various commissions and policies and issues and trends in the field of education, special education and inclusive education.

## **Objectives**

After completing this course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the history, nature and process and Philosophy of education.*
- Analyse the role of educational system in the context of Modern Ethos.*
- Understand the concept of diversity.*
- Develop an understanding of the trends, issues, and challenges faced by the contemporary Indian Education in global context.*

## **Unit 1: Philosophical Foundations of Education**

- 1.1 Education: Concept, definition and scope
- 1.2 Agencies of Education: School, family, community and media
- 1.3 Philosophies of Education: idealism, naturalism, pragmatism, existentialism, humanism, constructivism and connectionism
- 1.4 Classical Indian Perspective (Budhism, Jainism, Vedanta Darshan, Sankya Darshan)
- 1.5 Indian Philosophers (Aurobindo, Gandhi, Tagore, Krishna Murthy)

## **Unit 2: Understanding Diversity**

- 2.1 Concept of Diversity
- 2.2 Types of Diversity: Gender, linguistic, cultural, socio-economic and disability
- 2.3 Diversity in learning and play
- 2.4 Addressing diverse learning needs
- 2.5 Diversity: Global Perspective

## **Unit 3: Contemporary Issues and Concerns**

- 3.1 Universalisation of School Education, Right to Education and Universal Access
- 3.2 Issues of a) Universal enrolment b) Universal retention c) Universal learning
- 3.3 Issues of quality and equity: Physical, economic, social, cultural and linguistic, particularly w.r.t girl child, weaker sections and disabled

- 3.4 Equal Educational Opportunity: (i) Meaning of equality and constitutional provisions  
(ii) Prevailing nature and forms of inequality, including dominant and minority groups and related issues
- 3.5 Inequality in Schooling: Public-private schools, rural-urban schools, single teacher schools and other forms of inequalities such as regular and distance education system

#### **Unit 4: Education Commissions and Policy (School Education)**

- 4.1 Constitutional provisions on education that reflect National Ideals: Equality, liberty, secularism, and social justice
- 4.2 National Commissions and Policies: Education Commission (1964), NPE and POA (1986, 1992), National Policy for Persons with Disabilities (2006)
- 4.3 National Acts: RCI Act, 1992, PWD Act, 1995, NT Act, 1999, RTE Act (2009 & 2012).
- 4.4 Programmes and Schemes: IEDC (1974, 1983), SSA (2000, 2011), RMSA, 2009, IEDSS, 2009
- 4.5 International Conventions and Policies: Salamanca Declaration and Framework, 1994; UNCRPD, 2006; MDG, 2015; INCHEON strategies

#### **Unit 5: Issues and Trends in Education**

- 5.1 Challenges of education from preschool to senior secondary
- 5.2 Inclusive education as a rights based model
- 5.3 Complementarity of inclusive and special schools
- 5.4 Language issues in education
- 5.5 Community participation and community based education

#### **Some Suggested Activities on contemporary issues**

- Comparative study of different settings
- Conflicts and social movements in India: Women, Dalit, Tribal and Disabled
- Educational debates and movements
- First generation learners
- Children with disabilities
- Inclusive education
- RTE act in the context of disadvantaged
- Linguistic and religious diversity
- Human rights, minority rights
- Educational status of various groups
- Special and inclusive schools
- Analysis of contemporary debates

#### **Essential Readings**

- Guha, R. (2007). India after Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy. Macmillon, Delhi.

# LEARNING, TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT

**Course Code: A 3**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

This Course will initiate student-teachers to understand learning theories and as these translate into teaching and learning actions. Assessment of learning as a continuous process is also focused. The course also needs to focus on the PwD as Learner and their special education needs that teacher needs to address in diverse education settings.

## **Objectives**

After completing this course the student-teachers will be able to

- Comprehend the theories of learning and intelligence and their applications for teaching children*
- Analyse the learning process, nature and theory of motivation*
- Describe the stages of teaching and learning and the role of teacher*
- Situate self in the teaching learning process*
- Analyze the scope and role of assessment in teaching learning process in order to introduce dynamic assessment scheme for educational set up towards enhanced learning.*

## **Unit 1: Human Learning and Intelligence**

1.1 Human learning: Meaning, definition and concept formation

1.2 Learning theories:

- Behaviourism: Pavlov, Thorndike, Skinner
- Cognitivism: Piaget, Bruner
- Social Constructivism: Vygotsky, Bandura

1.3 Intelligence:

- Concept and definition
- Theories: Two-factor, Multifactor, Triarchic Theory (Robert

Steinberg) 1.4 Creativity: Concept, Definition and Characteristics

1.5 Implications for Classroom Teaching and Learning

## **Unit 2: Learning Process and Motivation**

2.1 Sensation: Definition and Sensory Process

2.2 Attention: Definition and Affecting Factors

2.3 Perception: Definition and Types

2.4 Memory, Thinking, and Problem Solving

2.5 Motivation: Nature, Definition and Maslow's Theory

### **Unit 3: Teaching Learning Process**

- 3.1 Maxims of Teaching
- 3.2 Stages of Teaching: Plan, Implement, Evaluate, Reflect
- 3.3 Stages of Learning: Acquisition, Maintenance, Generalization
- 3.4 Learning Environment: Psychological and Physical
- 3.5 Leadership Role of Teacher in Classroom, School and Community

### **Unit 4: Overview of Assessment and School System**

- 4.1 Assessment: Conventional meaning and constructivist perspective
- 4.2 'Assessment of Learning' and 'Assessment for Learning': Meaning and difference
- 4.3 Comparing and contrasting assessment, evaluation, measurement, test and examination
- 4.4 Formative and summative evaluation, Curriculum Based Measurement
- 4.5 Revisiting key concepts in school evaluation: filtering learners, marks, credit, grading, choice, alternate certifications, transparency, internal-external proportion, improvement option

### **Unit 5: Assessment: Strategies and Practices**

- 5.1 Strategies: (Oral, written, portfolio, observation, project, presentation, group discussion, open book test, surprise test, untimed test, team test, records of learning landmark, cloze set/open set and other innovative measures) Meaning and procedure
- 5.2 Typology and levels of assessment items: Multiple choice, open ended and close ended; direct, indirect, inferential level
- 5.3 Analysis, reporting, interpretation, documentation, feedback and pedagogic decisions
- 5.4 Assessment of diverse learners: Exemptions, concessions, adaptations and accommodations;
- 5.5 School examinations: Critical review of current examination practices and their assumptions about learning and development; Efforts for exam reforms: Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation (CCE), NCF (2005) and RTE (2009)

### **Engagement with the field as part of course as indicated below:**

- I. Report submission: observation of children belonging to any three stages of development and describing applications of development in teaching-learning contexts
- II. Preparation of Self study report on individual differences among learners
- III. Prepare a leaflet for parents on better emotional management of children
- IV. Compilation of 5 CBM tools from web search in any one school subject
- V. Team presentation of case study on assessment outcome used for pedagogic decisions
- VI. Report on community participation in school assessment or study recent ASAR report to understand school independent assessment



## **Transaction and Evaluation**

This concepts and theoretical precepts included in this course should be explained with reference to children with and without disabilities. The effort of transaction should be to enhance the understanding of

how learning occurs and what are the suitable means of its assessment. Evaluation may be done by asking student-teachers to children with and without disabilities and present a report of the same.

## **Essential Readings**

- Amin, N. (2002). Assessment of Cognitive Development of Elementary School Children: A Psychometric Approach. Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.
- Chauhan, S.S. (2013). Advanced Educational Psychology. Jain Book Agency, Delhi.
- King-Sears, E.M. (1994). Curriculum Based Assessment in Special Education. Singular Publishing Group, San Diego, CA.
- Panch, R. (2013). Educational Psychology: Teaching and Learning Perspective. McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New Delhi.
- Paul, P. (2009). Language and Deafness. Singular publication.
- Salvia, John, Ysseldyke, James, E. And Bolt, Sara. (2007). Assessment in Special and Inclusive Education. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston.
- Whitcomb, S., & Merrell, K.W. (2012). Behavioral, Social, and Emotional Assessment of Children and Adolescents, Routledge, New York.
- Woolfolk, A., Misra, G., & Jha, A.K. (2012). Fundamentals of Educational Psychology, (11<sup>th</sup> edn). Pearson Publication, New Delhi.

## **Suggested Readings**

- Geisinger, K.F. (2013). APA Handbook of Testing and Assessment in Psychology. American Psychological Association, USA.
- Guskey, T. R., & Bailey. J (2000). Grading and Reporting. Thousand Oaks. Corwin King, CA.
- Howell, K. W., & Nolet, V. (2000). Curriculum-Based Evaluation: Teaching and decision making. Wadsworth, Ontario.
- McMillan, J. H. (2001). Classroom Assessment: Principles and Practice for Effective Instruction. Allyn and Bacon, London.
- Nevo, D. (1995). School based Evaluation. Pergamon Publishing, Oxford.
- Salvia, J., & Ysseldyke. J.E. (1998). Assessment. (7th ed) Houghton Mifflin, Boston.

# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SCIENCE

**Course Code: A 4 (Part I)**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

The course will help the student-teachers to generate their student's interest for learning science and develop a scientific attitude. It is designed to equip the student-teachers to teach science using innovative methods, techniques and teaching learning material to students with & without disabilities.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the role of science in day to day life and its relevance to modern society.*
- Describe the aims and objectives of teaching science at school level.*
- Demonstrate and apply skills to select and use different methods of teaching the content of sciences.*
- Demonstrate competencies of planning for teaching sciences, organizing laboratory facilities and equipment designing pupil centered teaching learning experiences.*
- Demonstrate skills to design and use various evaluation tools to measure learner achievement in sciences.*

## **Unit 1: Nature and Significance of Science**

- 1.1 Nature, Scope, Importance and Value of Science
- 1.2 Science As An Integrated Area of Study
- 1.3 Science and Modern Indian Society: Relationship of Science and Society
- 1.4 Impact of Science with Special Reference to Issues related with Environment, Industrialization and Disarmament
- 1.5 Role of Science for Sustainable Development

## **Unit 2: Planning for Instruction**

- 2.1 Aims and Objectives of Teaching Science in Elementary and Secondary School
- 2.2 Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Writing Objectives in Behavioural Terms
- 2.3 Lesson Planning – Importance and Basic Steps. Planning Lesson for an Explanation, Demonstration, and Numerical Problem in Teaching of Sciences
- 2.4 Unit Planning – Format of A Unit Plan
- 2.5 Pedagogical Analysis: Meaning and Need. Guidelines for Conducting Pedagogical Analysis

### **Unit 3: Approaches and Methods of Teaching Sciences**

- 3.1 Process Approach, Direct Experience Approach, Inductive-Deductive Approach
- 3.2 Lecture, Demonstration, Discussion, Problem-solving, Concept-mapping, Programmed Instruction, Team Teaching, Seminar, Computer Assisted Learning (CAL)
- 3.3 Project Method and Heuristic Method
- 3.4 Creating Different Situations of Learning Engagement: Group Learning, Individual Learning, Small Group, Cooperative (Peer-Tutoring, Jigsaw, etc.), Situated/Contextual Learning with reference to Children with Disabilities
- 3.5 Constructivist Approach and its Use in Teaching Science

### **Unit 4: Learning Resources with reference to Children with Disabilities for Teaching Science**

- 4.1 Teaching Learning Aids – Need, Importance, Selection, Use and Classification of Aids Based on Type of Experience, Audio Visual Aids, Multimedia, Charts, and Models (Tactile and Visual)
- 4.2 Importance of Co-Curricular Activities-Science Club, Science Exhibition, Science Text Books-Characteristics and Significance with reference to Children with Disabilities
- 4.3 The Science Laboratory-Planning Organization of Lab, Storage, Record Keeping and Safety of Scientific Equipments with reference to Children with Disabilities
- 4.4 Aquarium, Vivarium – Role in Teaching with Setting & Maintaining
- 4.5 Museum, Botanical And Zoological Garden: Role In Teaching

### **Unit 5: Evaluation**

- 5.1 Evaluation- Concept, Nature and Need
- 5.2 Norm Referenced & Criterion Referenced Evaluation, Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation: Concept and Significance, Scholastic and Co-Scholastic Assessment
- 5.3 Tools and Techniques for Formative and Summative Assessments
- 5.4 Preparation of Diagnostic Test and Achievement Test
- 5.5 Adaptations of Evaluation Procedure With Reference To Children With Disabilities

### **Practical/ Field Engagement/Project Work**

#### **Any one of the following**

- I. Pedagogical analysis of a unit from Science content.
- II. Preparation of a multimedia presentation on a topic from Science content keeping students with disabilities in view.
- III. Developing an Action Research Plan on a problem related to teaching and learning of Sciences to students with disabilities to students with disabilities.
- IV. Construction of a diagnostic test for unit along with a remedial plan.

- V. Comparative analysis of prescribed syllabus and textbooks of different Boards  
Curricular innovations in respective subject areas
- VI. Curricular adaptations for teaching Sciences to students with disabilities.

### Essential Readings

- Brown, R. (1978). Science instruction of visually Impaired Youth. New York: AFB.
- Buxton, A. C. (2010). Teaching Science in Elementary and Middle School. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Bybee, R. (2010b). The teaching of science: 21st-century perspectives. Arlington, VA: NSTA Press, USA.
- Fensham, P.J. (1994). The content of Science: A constructive Approach to its Teaching and Learning. Washington, D.C: The Falmer Press.
- Gupta, V. K. (1995). Teaching and Learning of Science and Technology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Henninen, K. A. (1975). Teaching of Visually Handicapped, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company.
- Joshi, S. R. (2005). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: A.P.H Publishing Corporation.
- Kelley, P., & Gale, G. (1998). Towards Excellence: Effective education for students with vision impairments, Sydney: North Rocks Press.
- Lawson, E. A. (2010). Teaching Inquiry Science in Middle School, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Layton, D. (1989). Innovations in Science and Technology Education, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
- Mani, M. N. G. (1992). Techniques of teaching blind children, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
- Mukhopadhyay, S., Jangira, N. K., Mani, M.N.G., & Raychowdhary, N. (1987). Sourcebook for training teachers of visually impaired, New Delhi: NCERT.
- Murray, L. J. (1988). Basic Skills – Science, Boston: John Murrey.
- NCERT (1982). Teaching Science in secondary schools, New Delhi: NCERT.
- NIVH (1992). Handbook for the teachers for the visually handicapped, Dehradun
- Scholl, G.T. (1986). Foundations of education for blind and visually handicapped children and youth, New York: American Foundation for the blind.
- Sharma, R.C. (2005). Modern Science teaching, Delhi: Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
- Siddiqui, H. M. (2007). Teaching science, New Delhi: Balaji offset.
- Siddiqui, N.N., & Siddiqui, M.N. (1994). Teaching of science today & tomorrow, Delhi: Doaba House.
- Starin, A., & Sund, B. (1983). Teaching science through discovery. Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company.

# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS

**Course Code: A 4 (Part II)**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

The course will help the student-teachers to generate their student's interest for learning maths and develop dispositions towards the subject. It is designed to equip the learners to teach maths using innovative methods, techniques and teaching learning material for children with & without disabilities.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the nature of Mathematics and its historical development with contribution of Mathematicians.*
- Describe the aims and objectives of teaching Mathematics at school level.*
- Demonstrate and apply skills to select and use different methods of teaching Mathematics.*
- Demonstrate competencies of planning for teaching Mathematics, organizing laboratory facilities and equipment designing pupil centered teaching learning experiences.*
- Demonstrate skills to design and use various evaluation tools to measure learner achievement in Mathematics.*

## **Unit 1: Nature of Mathematics**

- 1.1 Meaning, Nature, Importance and Value of Mathematics
- 1.2 Axioms, Postulates, Assumptions and Hypothesis in Mathematics
- 1.3 Historical Development of Notations and Number Systems
- 1.4 Contribution of Mathematicians (Ramanujam, Aryabhata, Bhaskaracharya, Euclid, Pythagoras)
- 1.5 Perspectives on Psychology of Teaching and Learning of Mathematics- Constructivism, Enactivism, Vygotskyian Perspectives, and Zone of Proximal Development

## **Unit 2: Objectives and Instructional Planning in Mathematics**

- 2.1 Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics in Elementary and Secondary Schools
- 2.2 Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Writing Objectives in Behavioural Terms
- 2.3 Lesson Planning– Importance and Basic Steps. Planning Lesson of Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry
- 2.4 Unit Planning – Format of A Unit Plan

2.5 Pedagogical Analysis: Meaning and Need and Procedure for Conducting Pedagogical Analysis. Classification of Content, Objective, Evaluation, etc

### **Unit 3: Strategies for Learning and Teaching Mathematics**

- 3.1 Concept Formation and Concept Attainment: Concept Attainment Model for Learning and Teaching of Concepts
- 3.2 Learning By Exposition: Advanced Organizer Model
- 3.3 Methods of Teaching- Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Inductive-Deductive, Analytic-Synthetic, Problem-Solving, And Project
- 3.4 Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Oral Work, Written Work, Drill-Work, Brain-Storming and Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI)
- 3.5 Creating Different Situations of Learning Engagement: Group Learning, Individual Learning, Small-Group, Cooperative (Peer-Tutoring, Jigsaw, etc.), and Situational/ Contextual Learning

### **Unit 4: Teaching-Learning Resources in Mathematics for Students with Disabilities**

- 4.1 Mathematics Laboratory- Concept, Need, and Equipment for Setting Up a Mathematics Laboratory
- 4.2 Utilization of Learning Resources in Mathematics: Charts and Pictures, Weighing and Measuring Instruments, Drawing Instruments, Models, Concrete Materials, Surveying Instruments With Reference To Children With Disabilities
- 4.3 Bulletin Boards and Mathematics Club
- 4.4 Abacus, Cussionaire Rods, Fractional Discs, Napier Strips
- 4.5 Calculators, Computers, Smart Boards, Multimedia Presentations, and Special Aids and Appliances For Children With Disabilities

### **Unit 5: Assessment and Evaluation for Mathematics Learning**

- 5.1 Assessment and Evaluation- Concept, Importance and Purpose
- 5.2 Error Analysis, Diagnostic Tests, Identification of Hard Spots and Remedial Measures
- 5.3 Tools and Techniques for Formative and Summative Assessments of Learner Achievement in Mathematics, Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation in Mathematics
- 5.4 Preparation of Diagnostic and Achievement Test
- 5.5 Adaptations in Evaluation Procedure for Students With Disabilities

### **Practical/ Field Engagement/ Project Work**

#### **Any one of the following**

- I. Pedagogical analysis of a unit of content from secondary school Mathematics Syllabus
- II. Preparation of a multimedia presentation on a topic with special reference to students with disabilities
- III. Construction of a question paper based on current CBSE format/concerned State Board of education, preparing its Scoring key, and marking scheme

- IV. Analyzing errors committed by school children in Mathematics and preparing a remedial plan
- V. Developing an Action Research proposal for a problem related to teaching and learning of Mathematics with reference to students with disabilities

### **Transactions**

Lecture cum demonstration, Workshops and Seminars

### **Essential Readings**

- Carey, L.M. (1988). Measuring and Evaluating School Learning. Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- Chambers, P. (2010). Teaching Mathematics. Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- Chapman, L.R. (1970). The Process of Learning Mathematics. Pergamon Press, New York.
- David, A.H., Maggie, M.K., & Louann, H.L. (2007). Teaching Mathematics Meaningfully: Solutions for Reaching Struggling Learners, Canada: Amazon Books.
- David, W. (1988). How Children Think and Learn. Blackwell Publishers Ltd., New York.
- Gupta, H. N., & Shankaran, V. (1984). Content-Cum-Methodology of Teaching Mathematics. NCERT, New Delhi.
- James, A. (2005). Teaching of Mathematics. Neelkamal Publication, New Delhi.
- Kumar, S. (2009). Teaching of Mathematics. Anmol Publications, New Delhi.
- Mangal, S.K. (1993). Teaching of Mathematics. Arya Book Depot, New Delhi.
- Mani, M. N. G. (1992). Techniques of Teaching Blind Children. Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
- Mukhopadhyaya, S., Jangira, N. K., Mani, M.N. G., & Raychaudhary, N. (1988). Sourcebook for Training Teachers of Visually Handicapped. NCERT, New Delhi.
- Nemeth, A. (1973). Nemeth Code for Mathematics and Scientific Notation. American Printing House, Loviseville.
- Siddhu, K.S. (1990). Teaching of Mathematics. Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.

### **Suggested Readings**

- Keeley, P. K., & Cheryl, T. R. (2011). Mathematics Formative Assessment. Sage Publications. London.
- National Curriculum Framework. (2005). NCERT, New Delhi.
- National Curriculum Framework for Teacher Education. (2009). NCTE, New Delhi.
- Teaching of Mathematics (ES-342), Blocks 1-4. (2000). IGNOU, New Delhi.
- Text Books of Mathematics for Class-VI to X. (2006). NCERT, New Delhi.

# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL SCIENCE

**Course Code: A 4 (Part III)**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

This course explores the scope of social science. It develops competencies in designing lesson plans and evaluations tools. It addresses the knowledge and understanding of the methodologies, approaches to teach social sciences at secondary level and also modify and adapt content-area curricula, materials and techniques for students with disabilities. The course also focuses on various skills and competencies that teachers need to develop.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the concept, nature and scope of social science.*
- Develop competencies for designing unit and lesson plans, as well as tools of evaluation for social science teaching.*
- Develop skills in preparation and use of support materials for effective social science teaching.*
- Develop the ability to organize co-curricular activities and community resources for promoting social science learning.*

## **Unit I: Nature of Social Sciences**

- 1.1 Concept, scope and nature of social science
- 1.2 Difference between social sciences and social studies
- 1.3 Aims and objectives of teaching social science at school level
- 1.4 Significance of social science as a core subject
- 1.5 Role of social science teacher for an egalitarian society

## **Unit II: Curriculum and Instructional Planning**

- 2.1 Organization of social science curriculum at school level
- 2.2 Instructional Planning: Concept, need and importance
- 2.3 Unit plan and Lesson plan: need and importance
- 2.4 Procedure of Unit and Lesson Planning
- 2.5 Adaptation of unit and lesson plans for children with disabilities

## **Unit III: Approaches to teaching of Social Science**

- 3.1 Curricular approaches: a) Coordination, b) Correlational, c) Concentric, d) Spiral, e) Integrated, f) Regressive
- 3.2 Methods of teaching social science: Lecture, discussion, socialized recitation, source and project method



- 3.2.1. Devices and techniques of teaching social studies – Narration, description, illustration, questioning, assignment, field trip, story telling, Role play, Group and self study, programmed learning, inductive thinking, Concept mapping, expository teaching and problem solving
- 3.3 Accommodations required in approaches for teaching children with disabilities
- 3.4 Instructional material for teaching of social science: Time-lines & Genealogical charts, Maps & Globes, Use of different types of Boards(Smart boards, Chalk Board, Flannel Board), Tape-records, Radio, Television, Films & Filmstrips, Overhead Projector, Social science games and Power Point Presentation
- 3.5 Adaptations of material for teaching children with disabilities

#### **Unit IV: Evaluation of Learning in Social Science**

- 4.1 Purpose of evaluation in social science
- 4.2 Techniques of evaluating learner achievement in social Science: Written and Oral tests, Observation Tools, Work Samples, Portfolio
- 4.3 Assessment: tools and techniques of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) for curricular and co-curricular subjects
- 4.4 Construction of teacher made test
- 4.5 Diagnostic testing and enrichment techniques for children with disabilities

#### **Unit V: Social Science Teacher as a Reflective Practitioner**

- 5.1 Being a reflective practitioner- use of action research
- 5.2 Developing an Action Research Plan for solving a problem in teaching-learning of Social science
- 5.3 Case study- Need and Importance for a School Teacher
- 5.4 Development of a Professional Portfolio/ Teaching Journal
- 5.5 Competencies for teaching Social science to children with disabilities

#### **Transaction**

The student-teachers should be encouraged to read chapters and articles. There may be quizzes, seminars, field trips, lectures, demonstrations, school visits and observations to teach this course.

#### **Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Prepare a unit of social science content for a given child with disabilities
- Develop an Action Research Plan on a problem related to teaching and learning in Social Science
- Adapt teaching learning materials for a child with disabilities
- Develop questions and achievement tests in social science
- Organize activities like quiz, mock-parliament, field trips, exhibitions and any other co-curricular activities in schools

## PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING HINDI

**Course Code: A 5 (Part IV)**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

पाठ्यक्रम के उद्देश्य – प्रस्तुत पाठ्यक्रम द्वारा विद्यार्थियों इस योग्य होंगे कि –

- व्यक्ति तथा समाज के जीवन और विकास में भाषा के योगदान से परिचित होंगे।
- मूलभूत भाषा कौशलों और भाषा अधिगम में उनकी भूमिका का अनुभव करेंगे।  
इकाई नियोजन और पाठ योजना की प्रक्रिया में कुशल होंगे।
- हिन्दी शिक्षण के विशिष्ट व्यावहारिक उद्देश्यों के निर्धारण और लेखन में सक्षम होंगे
- हिन्दी शिक्षण के अधिगम लक्ष्यों की प्राप्ति के लिए प्रयोज्य शिक्षण विधियों का प्रयोग करेंगे।
- हिन्दी शिक्षण के उद्देश्यों की सहज प्राप्ति के लिए सहायक उपकरणों के निर्माण और उपयोग में दक्ष होंगे।
- भाषा अधिगम में सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन प्रविधि के उपयोग कुशलतापूर्वक करेंगे।
- भाषा अधिगम में विद्यार्थियों की कठिनाइयों के निराकरण के लिए क्रियात्मक अनुसन्धान का प्रयोग करेंगे।
- चिन्तन दैनन्दिनी और पोर्टफोलियो निर्माण की प्रविधि का उपयोग करेंगे।

पाठ्यवस्तु

इकाई 1 – भाषा, हिन्दी भाषा की प्रकृति और प्रयोज्यता।

- 1.1 भाषा का प्रत्यय और उपयोगिता।
- 1.2 बोली, विभाषा और मानक भाषा का प्रत्यय।
- 1.3 शिक्षा, समाज, व्यापार, राजनीति, शोध एवं विकास में भाषा का योगदान।
- 1.4 हिन्दी भाषा का नामकरण, संस्कृत से हिन्दी के उद्भव की प्रक्रिया।
- 1.5 विश्वभाषा और भविष्य भाषा के रूप में हिन्दी का विकास का आकलन।
- 1.6 मूल-भूत भाषा कौशलों – श्रवण, वाचन, पठन और लेखन का परिचय।

इकाई 2 – पाठ्यवस्तु संवर्धन

- 2.1 हिन्दी साहित्य का सामान्य परिचय।
- 2.2 हिन्दी गद्य साहित्य की परम्परागत विधाएँ – कहानी, नाटक और महाकाव्य।
- 2.3 हिन्दी गद्य साहित्य की आधुनिक विधाएँ – उपन्यास, यात्रा विवरण, जीवनी, आत्मकथा और संस्मरण।
- 2.4 हिन्दी व्याकरण में उर्दू, अंग्रेजी और संस्कृत से समाविष्ट प्रत्यय।
- 2.5 माध्यमिक स्तर पर हिन्दी पाठ्यक्रम में हुए परिवर्तनों का आकलन।

इकाई 3 – भाषा अधिगम की प्रकृति और पाठ नियोजन

- 3.1 माध्यमिक स्तर पर हिन्दी शिक्षण के लक्ष्य और उद्देश्य।

- 3.2 इकाई नियोजन का प्रत्यय, इसका महत्त्व और निर्माणविधि।
- 3.3 पाठयोजना का परिचय, उपयोग और महत्त्व।
- 3.4 पाठयोजना के चरण और उनका क्रियान्वयन।
- 3.5 हिन्दी शिक्षण के ज्ञानात्मक, बोधात्मक, कौशलात्मक और रूचिगत उद्देश्यों का निर्धारण।
- 3.6 विशिष्ट उद्देश्यों का व्यावहारिक शब्दावली में लेखन।
- 3.7 पाठ योजना के संरचनात्मक उपागम का परिचय और अभ्यास।

#### इकाई 4 – हिन्दी की विविध विधाओं के शिक्षण की विधियों का परिचय और उपयोग

- 4.1 माध्यमिक कक्षाओं में गद्य शिक्षण की उपयोगिता।
- 4.2 गद्य शिक्षण की अर्थबोध, व्याख्या, विश्लेषण और संयुक्त विधि का परिचय और इनकी समीक्षा।
- 4.3 माध्यमिक कक्षाओं के पाठ्यक्रम में पद्य के समावेश की उपयोगिता।
- 4.4 पद्य शिक्षण की शब्दार्थ कथन, खण्डान्वय, व्यास और समीक्षा विधि का परिचय और इनकी उपयुक्तता का आकलन।
- 4.5 माध्यमिक स्तर पर व्याकरण शिक्षण की आवश्यकता और उपयोगिता।
- 4.6 व्याकरण शिक्षण की निगमन, आगमन, भाषासंसर्ग और पाठ्य-पुस्तक विधियों का मूल्यांकन।

#### इकाई 5 – भाषा अधिगम-शिक्षण में सहायक सामग्रियों का प्रयोग

- 5.1 शिक्षण उपकरणों का सन्दर्भ, महत्त्व और लाभ।
- 5.2 अधिगम-शिक्षण के दृश्य उपकरणों के प्रकार।
- 5.3 दृश्य उपकरणों चार्ट, नक्शा, मानचित्र, प्रतिरूप, कार्यशील प्रतिरूप और प्लैश कार्ड की प्रयोग विधि।
- 5.4 श्रव्य उपकरणों – कॉम्पैक्ट डिस्क व कैसेट्स के प्रयोग की विधि और अभ्यास।
- 5.5 मुद्रित श्रव्य उपकरणों –अखबार, पत्रिकाओं और पुस्तकों का सहायक उपकरणों के रूप में प्रयोग।
- 5.6 वैद्युदण्विक उपकरणों – टेलीविजन, कम्प्यूटर और विश्वजाल के सहायक उपकरणों के रूप में प्रयोग की विधि और उपयोगिता।
- 5.7 भाषा अधिगम में भाषा प्रयोगशाला के प्रयोग की विधि और समीक्षा।

#### इकाई 6 – भाषा अधिगम के मूल्यांकन की प्रविधि

- 6.1 मूल्यांकन की संकल्पना, उद्देश्य और महत्त्व।
- 6.2 सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन का सन्दर्भ।
- 6.3 लेखन, पठन, श्रुतलेख, सुलेख, तीव्रलेखन, त्रुटिमुक्त लेखन, आशुभाषण और काव्यपाठ का सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन प्रविधि द्वारा मूल्यांकन।
- 6.4 कक्षागत पाठ्यसहगामी गतिविधियों – गीत, अभिनय, संवाद, क्रियाकलाप और नेतृत्व के गुणों का सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन प्रविधि द्वारा मूल्यांकन।
- 6.5 विद्यार्थियों के भाषा अधिगम का संचयीवृत्त बनाना।

- इकाई 7 – चिन्तनशील साधक के रूप में शिक्षक
- 7.1 अनुवर्ती चिन्तन की आवश्यकता और महत्त्व।
  - 7.2 चिन्तन दैनन्दिनी और पोर्टफोलियो बनाना।

7.3 विद्यार्थियों की अधिगम समस्याओं के निदान और समाधान के लिए क्रियात्मक अनुसन्धान का प्रयोग।

7.4 पाठ्यक्रम, सहायक सामग्री और पाठ्यविधियों का आलोचनात्मक विवेचन।

7.5 पाठ्यक्रम, सहायक सामग्री और पाठ्यविधियों पर विद्यार्थियों और अभिभावकों की प्रतिक्रियाओं का संग्रह।

प्रायोगिक कार्य –

आधुनिक भाषा के रूप में हिन्दी के गुणों और स्थिति का अनुसन्धान विवरण।

हिन्दी शिक्षण की किन्ही दो अधनुतन विधियों का परिचय एवं इनके उपयोग की तुलनात्मक समीक्षा।

हिन्दी शिक्षण के श्रवण, वाचन और लेखन अधिगम के सटीक मूल्यांकन में सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन की प्रविधि के उपयोग का विवरण।

चिन्तन दैनन्दिनी, पोर्टफोलियो और आलोचनात्मक विवरणी के उपयोग की समीक्षा और इनकी प्रतिकृति का प्रस्तुतिकरण।

मूल्यांकन योजना –

मूल्यांकन बिन्दु	कक्षा परीक्षा	प्रायोगिक कार्य	पोर्टफोलियो	उपस्थिति	सत्रान्त परीक्षा
प्रदेय अंक	10	10	05	05	70

सन्दर्भ पुस्तकें –

हिन्दी शिक्षण : अभिनव आयाम, डॉ. श्रुतिकान्त पाण्डेय, एक्सिस पब्लिकेशंस, दरियागंज, नई दिल्ली, 2010.

हिन्दी शिक्षण, उमा मंगल, आर्य बुक डिपो करोल बाग, नई दिल्ली, 2005.

हिन्दी शिक्षण, डॉ. रामशकल पाण्डेय, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा, 2005.

हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास, आचार्य रामचन्द्र गुक्ल, राजकमल प्रकाशन, नई दिल्ली, 2006

हिन्दी शिक्षण, रमन बिहारी लाल, रस्तोगी प्रकाशन, मेरठ, 2002.

हिन्दी शिक्षण, सावित्री सिंह, इन्टरनेशनल पब्लिशिंग हाउस, मेरठ, 2004

# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING ENGLISH

**Course Code: A5 (Part V)**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

This course will enable the student-teachers to gain a strong knowledge base in nature of English language & literature, instructional planning and evaluation. It will help in applying theory to practice to design your own materials and plan lessons in preparation for teaching real classes. The course offers you the opportunity to explore in-depth aspects of English and to find out about the approaches and current practices of language teaching in relation to Indian and international contexts. The course also equips you with analytical and investigative skills and provides a foundation in issues related to English language teaching, second language pedagogy and language acquisition.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the principles of language teaching, and evolution and trends in English literature.*
- Prepare an instructional plan in English.*
- Adapt various approaches and methods to teach English language.*
- Use various techniques to evaluate the achievement of the learner in English.*

## **Unit I: Nature of English Language & Literature**

- 1.1 Principles of Language Teaching
- 1.2 Language Proficiency: Basic Interpersonal Communication Skills (BICS) and Cognitive Academic Language Proficiency (CALP)
- 1.3 English Language in the school context: An Evolutionary Perspective
- 1.4 Current Trends in Modern English Literature in Indian context
- 1.5 Teaching as second language in Indian context.

## **Unit II: Instructional Planning**

- 2.1 Aims and objectives of Teaching English at different stages of schooling
- 2.2 Instructional Planning: Need and Importance
- 2.3 Unit and lesson plan: Need and Importance
- 2.4 Procedure of Unit and Lesson Planning
- 2.5 Planning and adapting units and lessons for children with disabilities

## **Unit III: Approaches and Methods of Teaching English**

- 3.1 Difference between an approach and a method

- 3.2 Task based approach, co-operative learning, language across curriculum, communicative language teaching, Bilingual, Eclectic and Constructive approach
- 3.3 Method Teaching of Prose, Poetry, Drama, Grammar and Vocabulary- i) Translation method. ii) Structural – Situational method. iii) Direct method
- 3.4 Development of four basic language skills: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing
- 3.5 Accommodation in approaches and techniques in teaching children with disabilities

#### **Unit IV: Instructional Materials**

- 4.1 Importance of instructional material and their effective use
- 4.2 The use of the instructional aids for effective teaching of English: Smart boards, Chalk Board, Flannel Board, Pictures/ Picture-cut-outs, Charts, Tape-records, Radio, Television, Films & Filmstrips, Overhead Projector, Language Laboratory, Language games, reading cards, Worksheets, Handouts, and Power Point Presentation
- 4.3 Construction of a teacher made test for English proficiency
- 4.4 Teaching portfolio
- 4.5 Adaptations of teaching material for children with disabilities

#### **Unit V: Evaluation**

- 5.1 Evaluation - Concept and Need
- 5.2 Testing Language skills and Language elements (Vocabulary, Grammar and Phonology)
- 5.3 Adaptation of Evaluation Tools for Children with Disabilities
- 5.4 Individualized assessment for Children with Disabilities
- 5.5 Error analysis, Diagnostic tests and Enrichment measures

#### **Transaction**

This course should be taught through a series of workshops, seminars and presentations. Lectures, demonstrations and discussions for theory based topics. Students should be encouraged to use instructional material in their practice of teaching lessons. Adaptations in pedagogy, material and evaluation should be taught through workshops and specific case studies

#### **Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Design teaching programme based on error analysis
- Develop an Action Research Plan for measuring the effectiveness of a given teaching approach in English
- Develop work sheet (interactive including language games)
- Prepare worksheets to enrich vocabulary among secondary students with disabilities
- Develop lesson plans for the teaching of prose and poetry
- Critically analyze any one poem or essay of a well known poet or writer

# INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

**Course Code: B 6**

**Credits: 02**

**Contact Hours: 30**

**Marks: 50**

## **Introduction**

The course is designed to develop an understanding about inclusive education and addressing diversity in the mainstream classroom. It is also formulated in a way that the learners will know the pedagogical practices and recognises ways in which different stakeholders can collaborate for the success of inclusive education.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Explain the construct of inclusive education & the progression from segregation towards valuing & appreciating diversity in inclusive education.*
- Explicate the national & key international policies & frameworks facilitating inclusive education.*
- Enumerate the skills in adapting instructional strategies for teaching in mainstream classrooms.*
- Describe the inclusive pedagogical practices & its relation to good teaching.*
- Expound strategies for collaborative working and stakeholders support in implementing inclusive education.*

## **Unit 1: Introduction to Inclusive Education**

**5 Hours**

- 1.1 Marginalisation vs. Inclusion: Meaning & Definitions
- 1.2 Changing Practices in Education of Children with Disabilities: Segregation, Integration & Inclusion
- 1.3 Diversity in Classrooms: Learning Styles, Linguistic & Socio-Cultural Multiplicity
- 1.4 Principles of Inclusive Education: Access, Equity, Relevance, Participation & Empowerment
- 1.5 Barriers to Inclusive Education: Attitudinal, Physical & Instructional

## **Unit 2: Policies & Frameworks Facilitating Inclusive Education**

**5 Hours**

- 2.1 International Declarations: Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948), World Declaration for Education for All (1990)
- 2.2 International Conventions: Convention against Discrimination (1960), Convention on Rights of a Child (1989), United Nations Convention of Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD) (2006)
- 2.3 International Frameworks: Salamanca Framework (1994), Biwako Millennium Framework of Action (2002)
- 2.4 National Commissions & Policies: Kothari Commission (1964), National Education Policy (1968), National Policy on Education (1986), Revised National Policy of



Education (1992), National Curricular Framework (2005), National Policy For Persons With Disabilities (2006)  
2.5 National Acts & Programs: IEDC (1974), RCI Act (1992), PWD Act (1995), National Trust Act (1999), SSA (2000), RTE (2006), RMSA (2009), IEDSS (2013)

**Unit 3: Adaptations Accommodations and Modifications** **7 Hours**

- 3.1 Meaning, Difference, Need & Steps
- 3.2 Specifics for Children with Sensory Disabilities
- 3.3 Specifics for Children with Neuro-Developmental Disabilities
- 3.4 Specifics for Children with Loco Motor & Multiple Disabilities
- 3.5 Engaging Gifted Children

**Unit 4: Inclusive Academic Instructions** **8 Hours**

- 4.1 Universal Design for Learning: Multiple Means of Access, Expression, Engagement & Assessment
- 4.2 Co-Teaching Methods: One Teach One Assist, Station-Teaching, Parallel Teaching, Alternate Teaching & Team Teaching
- 4.3 Differentiated Instructions: Content, Process & Product
- 4.4 Peer Mediated Instructions: Class Wide Peer Tutoring, Peer Assisted Learning Strategies
- 4.5 ICT for Instructions

**Unit 5: Supports and Collaborations for Inclusive Education** **5 Hours**

- 5.1 Stakeholders of Inclusive Education & Their Responsibilities
- 5.2 Advocacy & Leadership for Inclusion in Education
- 5.3 Family Support & Involvement for Inclusion
- 5.4 Community Involvement for Inclusion
- 5.5 Resource Mobilisation for Inclusive Education

**Practical & Field Engagement**

- I. Visit Special Schools of any two Disabilities & an Inclusive school & write observation report highlighting pedagogy
- II. Prepare a Checklist for Accessibility in Mainstream Schools for Children with Disabilities
- III. Design a Poster on Inclusive Education
- IV. Prepare a Lesson Plan on any one School subject of your choice using any one Inclusive Academic Instructional Strategy

**Transactions**

Group discussions following videos and visits. Debate for Inclusion vs. Segregation & Self study for legislations and frameworks

# INTRODUCTION TO SENSORY DISABILITIES

**Course Code: B 7**

**Credits: 02**

**Contact Hours: 30**

**Marks: 50**

## **Introduction**

The course is designed to provide a basic understanding to the student-teachers about the nature and needs of different types of sensory disabilities. It will also equip them in undertaking screening, planning and instructing students with sensory disabilities.

## **Objectives**

After completing this course, the student-teachers will be able to

- *Name the different types of sensory impairments and its prevalence and describe the process of hearing & implications of various types of hearing loss.*
- *Explain the issues & ways to address challenges in educating students with hearing loss.*
- *Describe nature, characteristics & assessment of students with low vision & visual impairment.*
- *Suggest educational placement and curricular strategies for students with low vision & visual impairment.*
- *Explicate the impact of deaf-blindness & practices for functional development.*

## **Unit 1: Hearing Impairment: Nature & Classification**

**5 Hours**

- 1.1 Types of sensory impairments: Single (Hearing Impairment & Visual Impairment) & Dual sensory impairment (Deaf-blindness)
- 1.2 Importance of hearing
- 1.3 Process of hearing & its impediment leading to different types of hearing loss
- 1.4 Definition of hearing loss, demographics & associated terminologies: deaf/ Deaf/ deafness/ hearing impaired/ disability/ handicapped
- 1.5 Challenges arising due to congenital and acquired hearing loss

## **Unit 2: Impact of Hearing Loss**

**5 Hours**

- 2.1 Characteristics of learners with hearing loss and impact of different degrees of hearing impairment on communication
- 2.2 Language & communication issues attributable to hearing loss and need for early Intervention
- 2.3 Communication options, preferences & facilitators of individuals with hearing loss
- 2.4 Issues & measures in literacy development and scholastic achievement of students with hearing loss
- 2.5 Restoring techniques using human (interpreter) & technological support (hearing devices)

**Unit 3: Visual Impairment- Nature and Assessment****5 Hours**

- 3.1. Process of Seeing and Common Eye Disorders in India
- 3.2. Blindness and Low Vision--Definition and Classification
- 3.2. Demographic Information--NSSO and Census 2011
- 3.4. Importance of Early Identification and Intervention
- 3.5. Functional Assessment Procedures

**Unit 4: Educational Implications of Visual Impairment****5 Hours**

- 4.1. Effects of Blindness- Primary and Secondary
- 4.2. Selective Educational Placement
- 4.3. Teaching Principles
- 4.4. Expanded Core Curriculum- Concept and Areas
- 4.5. Commonly Used Low Cost and Advanced Assistive Devices

**Unit 5: Deaf-blindness****10 Hours**

- 5.1 Definition, causes, classification, prevalence and characteristics of deaf-blindness
- 5.2 Effects and implications of deaf-blindness on activities of daily living & education
- 5.3 Screening, assessment, identification & interventional strategies of deaf-blindness
- 5.4 Fostering early communication development: Methods, assistive devices and practices including AAC
- 5.5 Addressing orientation, mobility & educational needs of students with deaf-blindness

**Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Develop a checklist for screening of children for hearing impairment
- Develop a checklist for screening of children for low vision
- Develop a checklist for screening of children for blindness
- Develop a checklist for screening of children for deaf blindness
- Journal based on observations of teaching children with sensory disabilities

**Transactions**

Visits, Observations, Videos and Interactions with Students with Disabilities

**Essential Readings**

- Bradford, L. J. & Hardy, W.G. (1979). Hearing and Hearing Impairment. New York: Grune and Stratton.
- Davis, H. & Silverman, S. R. (1970). Hearing and Deafness - Part I. Holt, London: Rinehart & Winston.
- Holbrook, C.M., & Koenig, A. J. (Eds.) (2000). Foundations of Education, Vol I: History and Theory of Teaching Children and Youths with Visual Impairments. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed): New York: AFB Press.

# INTRODUCTION TO NEURO DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

**Course Code: B 8**

**Credits: 02**

**Contact Hours: 30**

**Marks: 50**

## **Introduction**

The course integrates relevant subject matter in the areas of Learning Disability, intellectual Disability and Autism Spectrum Disorder. This course will prepare preservice teachers to work with students with Neuro Developmental disabilities in inclusive and specialized settings. It fosters the acquisition of the broad-based knowledge and skills needed to provide effective educational programs for students with learning and behavior characteristics. The course emphasizes implications for educational and vocational programming, curriculum, and instruction.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Discuss the characteristics and types of learning disability.*
- Describe the tools, areas of assessment and apply intervention strategies to enhance learning.*
- Explain the characteristics and types of Intellectual disability.*
- Describe the tools, areas of assessment and prepare and apply intervention strategies for independent living.*
- Explain the characteristics and types of Autism Spectrum Disorder.*
- Describe the tools, areas of assessment and apply intervention strategies.*

## **Unit 1: Learning Disability: Nature, Needs and Intervention**

- 1.1 Definition, Types and Characteristics
- 1.2 Tools and Areas of Assessment
- 1.3 Strategies for reading, Writing and Maths
- 1.4 Curricular Adaptation, IEP, Further Education,
- 1.5 Transition Education, Life Long Education

## **Unit 2: Intellectual Disability: Nature, Needs and Intervention**

- 2.1 Definition, Types and Characteristics
- 2.2 Tools and Areas of Assessment
- 2.3 Strategies for Functional Academics and Social Skills
- 2.4 Assistive Devices, Adaptations, Individualized Education Plan, Person Centered Plan, Life Skill Education
- 2.5 Vocational Training and Independent Living

### **Unit 3: Autism Spectrum Disorder: Nature, Needs and Intervention**

- 3.1 Definition, Types and Characteristics
- 3.2 Tools and Areas of Assessment
- 3.3 Instructional Approaches
- 3.4 Teaching Methods
- 3.5 Vocational Training and Career Opportunities

#### **Transaction**

This course should be taught through lectures, discussion, demonstrations, presentations and workshops. They should be given hands on training in assessments of specific needs of children, interpretation of test reports and develop strategies for classroom intervention

#### **Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Develop an Assessment Tool for a child with learning disability in the given area
- Prepare a transition plan from school to college for an LD Child
- Prepare a life skill curriculum
- Prepare a screening tool for children with Autism Spectrum Disorder
- Prepare teacher made test for functional assessment of a given child with ID/ Autism
- Plan an educational program on the basis of an assessment report of a child with ID/Autism

#### **Essential Readings**

- Accardo, P.J., Magnusen, C., & Capute, A.J. (2000). Autism: Clinical and Research Issues. York Press, Baltimore.
- American Psychiatric Association. (2000). Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (4<sup>th</sup> ed. TR). Washington DC.
- Bala, M.J. (2004). Methods of Teaching Exceptional Children. Discovery, New Delhi.
- Browning, R. E. (2004). Teaching Students with Behaviour and Severe Emotional Problems. <http://www.k12.wa.us/specialed/families/pubdocs/bestpractices.pdf>

#### **Suggested Readings**

- Higgins, J. (2003) Practical Ideas that Really Work for Students with Dyslexia and Other Reading Disorders. PRO-ED, Austin.
- Moyes, R.A. (2010). Building Sensory Friendly Classrooms to Support Children with Challenging Behaviors: Implementing Data Driven Strategies. Sensory World, Texas.
- Pierangelo, R., & Giuliani G.A. (2003). Transition services in Special Education, Allyn & Bacon, London.
- Reddy G.L., & Rama, R. (2000). Education of Children with Special Needs. Discovery Pub, New Delhi.

# INTRODUCTION TO LOCOMOTOR AND MULTIPLE DISABILITIES

**Course Code: B 9**

**Credits: 02**

**Contact Hours: 30**

**Marks: 50**

## **Introduction**

The course aims to develop understanding about planning effective educational programme and functional activities for students with locomotor and multiple disabilities. This course intends to develop required skills in teacher trainee to identify the children with locomotor and multiple disabilities and also plan an effective programme education as well as for creating awareness on these conditions. Teacher is also expected to plan an effective therapeutic and programme and also refer for medical intervention whenever if necessary.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- Identify the persons with Locomotor disabilities such as Cerebral Palsy, Amputees, Polio, Leprosy cured, Muscular dystrophies, Neural and spinal defects and Multiple disabilities.*
- Plan an effective programme for creating awareness about the persons with Locomotor disabilities and Multiple disabilities.*
- Plan an effective therapeutic and programme for the persons with Locomotor disabilities and Multiple disabilities and to refer for medical intervention if necessary.*
- Plan an effective educational programme and functional activities for the persons with Locomotor disabilities and Multiple disabilities.*

## **Unit 1: Cerebral Palsy (CP)**

- 1.1. CP: Nature, Types and Its Associated Conditions
- 1.2. Assessment of Functional Difficulties of CP including Abnormalities of Joints and Movements (Gaits)
- 1.3. Provision of Therapeutic Intervention and Referral of Children with CP
- 1.4. Implications of Functional Limitations of Children with CP in Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- 1.5. Facilitating Teaching-Learning of Children with CP in School, IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive Technology to Facilitate Learning and Functional Activities

## **Unit 2: Amputees, Polio, Spinal Cord Injuries Spina-bifida and Muscular Dystrophy**

- 2.1. Definition, Meaning and Classification
- 2.2. Assessment of Functional Difficulties
- 2.3. Provision of Therapeutic Intervention and Referral

- 2.4. Implications of Functional Limitations for Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- 2.5. Facilitating Teaching-Learning: IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive technology

### **Unit 3: Multiple Disabilities and Other Disabling Conditions**

- 3.1 Multiple Disabilities: Meaning and Classifications
- 3.2 Various Combinations of Multiple Disabilities and Associated Conditions Such as Epilepsy, Motor and Sensory Conditions
- 3.3 Other Disabling Conditions such as Leprosy Cured Students, Tuberculous Sclerosis and Multiple Sclerosis
- 3.4 Implications of Functional Limitations for Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- 3.5 Facilitating Teaching-Learning: IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive technology

### **Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement (any one of the following)**

- Undertake a case study after identifying a child with cerebral palsy or a child with Multiple Disabilities. Assess the child's difficulties in activities of daily living and academic activities and develop an intervention plan.
- Undertake a survey on 50 children with different disabilities and find out how many children are affected with cerebral palsy and multiple disabilities. Find out the causes of their disabling conditions and what difficulties these children are facing in attending their schools.

### **Essential Readings**

- Miller, F. and Bachrach, S.J. (2012). Cerebral Palsy: A Complete Guide for Caregiving. A Johns Hopkins Press Health Book.
- Sarva Siksha Abhiyan. Module on Cerebral Palsy. [http://ssa.nic.in/inclusive-education/training-module-for-resource-teachers-for-disable-children/Module%205%20Cerebral%20Palsy.pdf/at\\_download/file](http://ssa.nic.in/inclusive-education/training-module-for-resource-teachers-for-disable-children/Module%205%20Cerebral%20Palsy.pdf/at_download/file)
- Sarva Siksha Abhiyan . Module on Multiple Disabilities. [http://ssa.nic.in/inclusive-education/training-module-for-resource-teachers-for-disable-children/Module%203%20Multiple%20Disability.pdf/at\\_download/file](http://ssa.nic.in/inclusive-education/training-module-for-resource-teachers-for-disable-children/Module%203%20Multiple%20Disability.pdf/at_download/file)

## ASSESSMENT AND IDENTIFICATION OF NEEDS

**Course Code: C 12**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

### **Introduction**

Hearing loss needs to be identified at the earliest in order to provide timely intervention to children with hearing impairment. This in turn would help them to develop adequate speech and language to function similar to typically developing children in school and beyond. The course is designed to provide inputs to learners about various assessment to be undertaken for identifying needs in order to plan the intervention program.

### **Objective**

After completing the course student-teachers will be able to

- *Explain the need and techniques for early identification of hearing loss in children.*
- *Acquire knowledge in the area of audiological assessment and its relevance in education.*
- *To discuss communicative and language related needs with the understanding of its development and assessment.*
- *Understand the need for assessment of various processes involved in production of speech.*
- *Describe and identify different components of educational assessment and analyse various educational needs of individuals with hearing impairment.*

### **Unit 1: Early Identification of Hearing Loss: Need and Strategies**

- 1.1 Need for early identification of hearing loss
- 1.2 Overview to behavioural and objective techniques in screening for hearing loss
- 1.3 Team members involved in hearing screening and their role
- 1.4 Use of checklists and behavioural observation in early identification of hearing loss by school teachers (congenital & acquired)
- 1.5 Referral of children based on signs and symptoms of hearing loss

### **Unit 2: Audiological Assessment**

- 2.1 Orientation: Sound, Physical and psychological parameters/attributes, concept of dBHL vs dB SPL, Auditory milestones in typical children (0-2 years)
- 2.2 Assessment & methods of assessment: Subjective & Objective tests; Orientation to these tests and their importance
- 2.3 Audiometer: Block diagram, parts & use; Types of audiometry [sound field (BOA, VRA) & close field]; role of special educators in conditioning for pure tone audiometry
- 2.4 Audiogram: Understanding of audiogram and its implication in assessing the educational needs of children with different types and degrees of hearing loss.



2.5 Concept of unaided, aided audiograms, Speech spectrum and its applications

### **Unit 3: Assessment of Language & Communication**

- 3.1 Communication: Concepts and types (Linguistic versus Non Linguistic)
- 3.2 Receptive and Expressive Language: Concept, Types (verbal and manual) and Structure
- 3.3 Developmental milestones in typically growing children; Impact of deafness on communication and language with reference to clinical (type, degree, onset) and environmental (parental participation, access to language early intervention services) factors
- 3.4 Assessing communication and language: Developmental checklists, Scales, Standardized tools and assessing language samples using parameters of measurement (productivity, complexity, correctness and communicativeness)
- 3.5 Identification of needs related to communication and language

### **Unit 4: Assessment of Speech**

- 4.1 Respiration and Phonation: Pre-requisites, process, types and need for assessment
- 4.2 Basics of Articulation and phonology (active and passive articulators; classification of vowels and consonants; assessment of articulation)
- 4.3 Suprasegmental aspects of speech and its assessment
- 4.4 Milestones of speech development in typically developing children
- 4.5 Speech Intelligibility: Concept, Factors & Assessment

### **Unit 5: Educational Assessment and Identification of Needs**

- 5.1 Educational assessment: Concept and Scope
- 5.2 Factors affecting educational performance: individual, family and environment
- 5.3 Types of Assessment: Norm referenced and Criterion Referenced test, Comprehensive and Continuous assessment, Summative and Formative, Formal Informal, Conventional & alternate, Performance based and Curriculum based
- 5.4 Tools and techniques of Educational Assessment: Observations, Interviews, Developmental scales, Standardized and Criterion based tests, Teacher Made Tests at different levels and classroom assessment techniques (Conventional and Modern)
- 5.5 Current trends and challenges in assessment: Independent, dual purpose and constructivist perspective and adaptations

### **Course work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Compiling checklists (at least two) to identify hearing impairment in children
- Using the audiograms of children (at least two), identify the audiological needs of each
- Profiling the speech of children (at least two) by using a speech assessment kit
- Record the interaction with the three year old typically developing child and write your brief reflections in terms of use of vocabulary and syntax
- Compile various tools used for educational assessment of children

## **Transaction and Evaluation**

Lecture cum Demonstration, Tutorials, Assignments, Tests

### **Essential Readings**

- Bel, R.L. and Frisbie, D.A.(1991) 5<sup>th</sup> ed, Essentials of Educational Measurement, Prentice hall publication, New Jersey
- Brigrance, A.H. and Hargis, C.H. (1993) Educational Assessment, Charles C Thomas publication, USA
- Jalvi R, Nandurkar A., Bantwal A., (2006). Introduction to hearing impairment. New Delhi: Kanishka Publication.
- Jurs, S.G. and Wiersma, W.(1990) 2<sup>nd</sup> ed Educational Measurement and Testing, Allyn and Bacon publication, Boston
- Linn, R. L. and Gronlund, N. E. (1995) 7<sup>th</sup> ed Measurement and Assessment in Teaching, Prentice hall publication, New Jersey
- Martin, F. N. Clark, J.G. (2012). Introduction to Audiology. 11th ed. Boston: Pearson Education.
- Martin, FN & Clark, J.G. (2009). Introduction to Audiology. 10th ed. Boston: Pearson Education.
- Mathew, S. and Misra, A. (2010) Knowledge based evaluation of students with hearing impairment, Journal of NCED, Vol 2, Issue 1, page 26-33
- Newby, H. A., & Popelka, G. R. (1992). Audiology (6<sup>th</sup> ed.). New York: Appleton-Century-crofts.
- Nitko, A. J. (1983) Educational Tests and Measurement, An Introduction, Harcourt Brace Publication, New York
- Northern, J.L. Downs, M.P. (2002). Hearing in Children. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
- Patel, R.N. (1985), Educational Evaluation, Himalaya publication, Bombay
- Quigley & Paul, (1984) Language and deafness, College – Hill Press Inc. California
- Rehabilitation Council of India (2007). Status of Disability in India - 2007: Hearing Impairment and Deaf-blindness. New Delhi: Rehabilitation Council of India.
- UNICEF (2006), new trends in development evaluation. Retrieved from [http://www.unicef.org/ceecis/new\\_trends\\_dev\\_evaluation.pdf](http://www.unicef.org/ceecis/new_trends_dev_evaluation.pdf)

### **Suggested Readings**

- Boyle, J. and Fisher, S. (2007) educational testing (A competence based approach), BPS Blackwell publication, Singapore
- Evens, P. and Varma. V (1990). Special Education Past, Present and Future, The Falmer Press

- Gregory, Jnight, et al. (1998), Issues in Deaf Education. Cromwel Press
- Madell, JR & Flexer, C., (2008) Pediatric Audiology: Diagnosis, Technology and Management. New York: Thieme Medical Publishers.
- McMillan, J.H (2001) Classroom assessment: Principles & practices for effective instruction (2<sup>nd</sup> Eds), Allyn & Bacon, Boston.
- Poham, James. W. (1993), Educational Evaluation. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Singh, B. (2004) Modern educational Measurement and Evaluation System, Anmol Publication, New Delhi
- Waldman, D., & Roush, J. (2010). Your child's Hearing Loss; A Guide for Parents. San Diego: Plural Publishing.
- Warden, P., Winter, J., & Broadfoot, P. (2002). Assessment, Routledge Falmer Publication, London.
- Yoshinaga-Itano, C. (2003). From screening to early identification and intervention: Discovering predictors to successful outcomes for children with significant hearing loss. *Journal of deaf studies and deaf education*, 8(1), 11-30.

# CURRICULUM DESIGNING, ADAPTATION AND EVALUATION

**Course code: C 13**

**Credits: 04**

**Contact Hours: 60**

**Marks: 100**

## **Introduction**

The course intends to develop capacities of learners to design curriculum keeping in view the special needs of children with hearing impairment. Learners are expected to go beyond the 3Rs with broad understanding of 21st century learning. The learner would also develop requisite skills of developing literacy skills of reading and writing as well as appreciate need and decide suitable adaptation to be undertaken for curricular transactions.

## **Objectives**

After completing the course the student-teachers will be able to

- *Familiar with concept of curriculum and explain the importance of designing it for children with hearing impairment in the context of 21st Century learning skills.*
- *Develop capacity of developing literacy skills of reading and writing in children with hearing impairment.*
- *Describe the need for curricular adaptation and decide suitable adaptation and undertake it.*
- *Appreciate the need for curricular evaluation and describe the tools and methods for evaluating it.*

## **Unit 1: Curriculum and Its' Designing**

- 1.1 Curriculum-Concept, Types and Models
- 1.2 Approaches and Steps for Curriculum designing
- 1.3 Curricular needs of children with hearing impairment in scholastic areas
- 1.4 Curricular needs of children with hearing impairment in non-scholastic areas
- 1.5 Curricular framework for 21st Century.

## **Unit 2: Developing Literacy Skills: Reading**

- 2.1 Pre-requisites for reading and emergent reading skills
- 2.2 Assessment of reading skills at different levels
- 2.3 Approaches and Strategies to develop reading skills and independent reading
- 2.4 Types and Models of developing reading skills
- 2.5 Challenges and Remedial strategies

## **Unit 3: Developing Literacy Skills: Writing**

- 3.1 Pre-requisites for writing and emergent writing skills
- 3.2 Assessment of written language at different levels
- 3.3 Components and types of writing

3.4 Steps and Strategies in Developing Writing

3.5 Challenges and Remedial Strategies

#### **Unit 4: Curricular Adaptation**

4.1 Curricular Adaptation- Meaning and Principles

4.2 Need Assessment and decision making for Adaptation

4.3 Adapting Curriculum- Content, Teaching-learning Material, and Instruction

4.4 Types of Adaptation and Process

4.5 Adaptation and Accommodations in Student's Evaluation and Examinations

#### **Unit 5: Curricular Evaluation**

5.1 Concept, Need for Curricular Evaluation

5.2 Factors associated with Curricular Evaluation (Learner, Content, Instructor and Resources)

5.3 Areas of Curricular Evaluation: Context, Input, Process and Product

5.4 Methods and Tools for Curricular Evaluation

5.5 Challenges in Curricular Evaluation

#### **Course Work/ Practical/ Field Engagement**

- Study the syllabus, annual calendar and time table of any class in a school and write your brief reflections on how syllabus is converted into action plan
- Go through any pre-school curriculum and write your reflections on how this differs from school curriculum in terms of structure, activities and evaluation
- Take any two pages from either history or science text book from secondary section and adapt the content and presentations of the same for a child with hearing impairment.

#### **Transaction & Evaluation**

Lecture-cum-Demonstration, Group assignments, Discussion, Assignments and Tests

#### **Essential Readings**

- Bunch, G.O. (1987). The Curriculum and the Hearing Impaired student: Theoretical and practical considerations. Boston, MA: College-Hills Press.
- Fontas, I. (2001). Guiding reader and Writers (Grades 3-6): Teaching comprehension, Genre and Context Literacy. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Gathoo, V. (2006). Curricular Startegies and Adaptations for children with Hearing Impairment New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers
- Marsh, C.J. (2004). Key concepts for understanding curriculum. Routledge Falmer.
- Moores, D.F., Martin, D.S. (2006). Deaf Learner: developments in curriculum and Instruction. Gallaudet University Press.

### **Suggested Readings**

- Bialostok, S. (1992). Raising Readers: Helping your child to literacy. Winnipeg, MB: Peguis Publishers.
- Culliman, B.E. (2000). Read to Me: Raising Kids Who Love to Read. New York: Scholastic.
- Posner, G.J., & Rudnitsky, A.N. (2005). Course Design: A Guide to curriculum Development for Teachers. Pearson.

# **PRACTICUM: HI**

**E 1: Cross disability & inclusion**

**Hours: 10**

**Credits: 02**

**Marks: 50**

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Tasks</b>	<b>Educational settings</b>	<b>Specific activities</b>	<b>Hrs</b>	<b>Marks</b>	<b>Submissions</b>
1	Visit to special school for children with hearing impairment	Special school for children with hearing impairment	Study the infrastructure available in a special school for children with hearing impairment	3	10	Report including reflections
2	Identification of hearing loss & its implications		Study the summary report of the evaluation carried out on any two children with hearing impairment & study its implications in terms of educational placement	2	15	
3	Classroom teaching observation		Observe the teaching of children with hearing impairment in any one special classroom and write the observation Report	5	25	
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>10</b>	<b>50</b>	

**E 2: Disability Specialisation****Hours: 60****Credits: 02****Marks: 50**

Sl. No.	Tasks	Educational settings	Specific activities	Hrs	Marks	Submissions
1	Assessment of hearing	Institute / Clinic	*Observation of: BOA, conditioned Pure tone Audiometry, VRA , Speech Audiometry , Hearing aid trial & hearing aid testing *Studying 10 Audiograms and noting the diagnosis and recommendations *Practicing Ling's 6 sound test	15	10	Journal with reflections
2	Assessment of speech	Institute / Clinic	*Listening to speech of children with and without hearing loss and identifying parameters (Non segmental, segmental & supra segmental) 3 children each *Observing speech assessment (screening) – 2 children *Carrying out speech assessment ( screening) -2 children *Observing speech assessment using standardized tool –2 children	15	10	Journal with reflections
3	Assessment of language	Institute / Clinic	*Studying & describing standardized language tests – 1 number *Observations of any one test administration – 1 child *Administering any 1 test in a group *Observation of developmental scale-3 children * Observing a reading comprehension test- 1 group of students of primary level	15	10	Journal with reflections
4	Assessment in developmental psychology	Institute / Clinic	*Studying & describing DST, GDS, CPM , SFB ,VSMS *Observing assessment of children using any two of the above *Studying 10 assessment reports and noting the diagnosis and Recommendations	15	20	
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>60</b>	<b>50</b>	



**THANKS**