MAHARAJA GANGA SINGH UNIVERSITY, BIKANER

SYLLABUS

FACULTY OF ARTS

M.A.

PHILOSOPHY



M.A. Previous Examination - 2021

M.A. Final Examination – 2022

© M.G.S. UNIVERSITY, BIKANER

M.A. PHILOSOPHY

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Each Theory paper 3 Hrs. duration 100 Marks

Dissertation Thesis/Survey Report/Field work. if any 100 Marks

- The number of paper and the maximum marks of each paper practical shall be shown in the syllabus for the subject concerned. It will be necessary for a candidate to pass in the theory part as well as in the practical part (wherever prescribed) of a subject/Paper separately.
- A candidate for a pass at each of the Previous and the Final Examination shall be required to obtain (i)atleast 36% marks in the aggregate of all the paper prescribed of the examination an (ii) atleast 236% marks in practical(s) wherever prescribed the examination, provided that if a candidate fails to secure atleast 25% marks in each individual paper work, wherever prescribed, be shall be deemed to have failed at the examination not with standing his having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for that examination. No at the end of the Final Examination on the combined marks obtained at the Previous and the Final Examination taken together, as noted

below:

First Division 60% of the aggregate marks taken together Second Division 48% of the Previous Final Examination All the rest will be declared to have passed the examinations.

3. Ifa candidate clears any paper(s) Practical(s)/Dissertation Prescribed at the Previous and or/final Examination after a continuous period of three

years, then for the purpose of working out his division the minimum pass marks only viz 35% (36% in the case of practical) shall be taken into account in respect of such paper(s) Practical(s) Dissertation are cleared after the expiry of the aforesaid period of three year, provided that in case where a candidate require more than actually secured by him will be taken into account as would enable him to make the deficiency in the requisite minimum aggregate.

- 4. The Thesis/Dissertation/Survey Report / Field Work shall be typed & written and submitted in triplicate so as to reach the office of the Registrar atleast 3 weeks before the commencement of the theory examination. Only such candidates shall be permitted to offer dissertation / Field work/ Survey report/Thesis (if provided in the scheme of examination) in lieu of a paper as have secured at least 55% marks in the aggregate of all scheme, irrespective of the no. of papers in which a candidate actually appeared at the examination.
- N.B. (i) Non-Collegiate candidates are not eligible to offer dissertation as per Provision of 170-A.

M.A. Previous 2021 M.A. PHILOSOPHY 2021-22

Paper - I	Indian Philosophy (Epistemology and Meta Physics)
Paper - II	Western Philosophy (Epistemology and Meta Physics)
Paper- III	Logic (Indian and Western) or Philosophy of Yoga
Paper- IV	Ethics (Indian and Western)

PAPER-I

INDIAN PHILOSOPHY (EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS)

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

- Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.
- Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.
- Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100 Unit-l

- Cognition: Its definition and nature; valid (prama) and invalid (aprama);'
 validity (pramanya); division of cognitions; classification of valid
 cognitions (prama); instruments (indriya) of valid cognition and
 their nature.
- Validy of cognition: Its nature; condition and defmition. The debate about the nature, origin (utpatti) and ascertainment (jnapti) of validity, svatahpramanyavada, paratahpramanyavada, savisayatva, sakaratva, svaprakasatva, paraprakasata.
- 1. A study of pramanas: pratyaksa, anumana, sabda, upamana, arthapatti, anupalabdhi.
- 2. The theorie about invalid perceptual cognitions (khyativada); akhyati anyathakhyati, viparitakhyati, atmakhyati, asatkhyati, anirvacaniyakhyati, satkhyati' and sadasatkhyati.
- God: the role of god in the world-views of classical systems: the new and central role of god in Bhakti schools starting with Ramanujacharya, Madhvacharya, N imbakacharya, Vallabhacharya, Ramananda.

- 2. Proofs for and against the existence of God: God as karmadhyaksa.
- 1. Atman, nairatmyavada, nature and proofs for Atman. Atman and Jiva; the Jiva as karta, bhokta, and jnata; different perspectives.
- 2. Nature of Bandhan and Mokahsa, and means of mokasha according to various schools of Indian Philosophy.

Unit-V

- 1. Universals: the debate amongst the different schools.
- 2. Causation: a comparative study of causality in different schools. Books Recommended:

Madhvacharya	2. Sarvadarshan sangraha		
Sharma N K	Bhartiya Darshnik Samasyen		
Srinivasa Rao	Perceptual Error: The Indian Theories		
	(University Press of Hawaii, Honolulu,		
	1998)		

Bandishte	3.	Bhartiya
Kar Bijayanand	4.	Theories of error in Indian
Dravid R R	Philosophy Problem of universal in	
D.M. Datta	Indian Philo	osophy The Six ways of
Dharmaraja Adhvarin	knowing (Calcutta, 1960)	

Jadunath Sinha

5. Indian Realism (London: Kegan Paul, 1938) Epistemology of the Bhatta School of Purva Mimamsa,

PAPER-II

WESTERN PHILOSOPHY (EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS)

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of

02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

- Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.
- Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Unit-I

- 1. Scepticism and the possibility of knowledge. Nature and definition of knowledge, belief and knowledge. Theories of perception.
- 2 Problem of memory: knowledge of the past. Knowledge of other minds.
- 1. Theories of truth: Self-evidence, correspondence, coherence, pragmatic and semantic. Meaning and reference.
- 2 A priori knowledge: analytic and synthetic; necessary and. contingent; synthetic a priori.

Unit-III

- 1. Metaphysics: Possibility, scope and existence.
- 2. Appearance and reality. Being, becoming, essence and existence.
- 1. Substance; Aristotle's account; substance and properties; kinds and activity.
- 2. The debate between rationalism and empiricism; process view of reality.
- Universals and particulars: distinction; varieties, abstract entities; nominalism; resemblance, classes; realism, classical and contemporary. 2
 Mind and Body: dualism and materialism; contemporary debates.

Books Recommended:

Mishra Arjuna Darshan Ki Mool Dharaye

R.M. Chisholm Theory of Knowledge (3rd)

B. Russell Human Knowledge: Its Scope and Limits

History of Western Philosophy

Problem of Philosophy

David Wiggins Sameness and substance (Oxford)

A.C. Geryling Philosophy A Guide Through the Subject

(Oxford) (Ed).

David Hales Metaphysics: Contemporary Readings (Ed).

Passmore Darshan Ka Sau Varsha

Sangamlal Pandey Adhunika Darshan Ki Bhoomica

Jaydev Singh Samkallen Darshan

Daya Krishan Gyan Mimansa

Pashchatya Darshan Vol I & II

A C Ewing Fundamental Question of Philosophy

PAPER - III

Students may choose either Logic or Philosophy of Yoga as their third paper

LOGIC (INDIAN AND WESTERN) Note:

There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100 Unit-l

- Definition and constituents of Anumana in old Nyaya, Nyaya,
 Navya Nyaya, Buddhism and Jainism.
- 2 Process and types of Anumana in Nyaya, Buddhist and Jain perspectives.

Unit-II

- 1 Definition of Vyapti and Vyapti formalization in Indian logic.
- 2. Types of Hetvabhasa.

Unit-III

- P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter I: The sentential connectives,
 Chapter 2: Sentential theory of inference.
- 2. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 3: Symbolizing everyday language.

Unit-IV

- 1. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 4 and 5 (only Sections on Rules Governing Existential and Universal Quantifiers with Restrictions on the Rules, Rules Relating to Inter change of Quantifiers, Rules Governing Identity and Logical truths involving Quantifiers) are prescribed.
- 2. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 9: Elementary intuitive set theory.

Unit-V

- 1. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 10; Relations.
- 2. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 11.1; Definition.
- 3. P. Suppes, Introduction to Logic: Chapter 11.3; Churche's Lambda Notation.

Books prescribed:

P. Suppes Introduction to Logic, Litton

Educational Publishing In. 1957

Books Recommended:

Annambhatta Tarksamgraha

Dharmkirti Nyaya Bindu

Hemchandra Pramana Mimamsa

S.S. Barlingay A Modem Introduction to Indian Logic

F. Th. Stcherbtsky Buddhist Logic Vol. I Indo-Iranian Reprints,

Mouton & co., The Hague, 1958

S. R. Bhatt Buddhist Epistemology

Richard Jeffery Formal Logic: Its Scope and Limits, IInd edition,

McGraw-Hill, 1981

John J. Kelly The Essence of Logic, Prentice Hall ofIndia, 1997

A. Singh & C. GoswamiFundamentals of Logic, ICPR 1998

DC Guha Navya Nyaya-System of Logic

or

PAPER-IV

ETIIICS (INDIAN AND WESTERN) Note:

There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

- Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.
- Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

3 Hrs. duration 100 Marks

Unit- I

- 1. The first five sutras of Purva Mimamsa, Sutra of Jaimini with Sabara's bhasya to be read with sastra Dipika of Parthasarathi Misra and prakaranapancika of saliganatha.
- 2. The law of karma : Ethical implications Niskam karma yoga from Gita-rahasya of B.G. Tilak.

Unit-II

- 1. Selections from the Upanisads, Dhammapada, Tattvratha sutra, Yoga sutra. The concepts and doctrines to be taken up for study are:
- (a) Rta and Satya.
- (b) Rna and Yajna.
- (c) Yoga and Ksema.
- (d) Upayakausala of Buddhism along with Brahmaviharas.
- (e) Triratnas of Jainism.
- (f) Yama and Niyama of Yoga.
- 2. Selections from Bhagavadgita, Shantitarva of Mahabharata and Arthasastra of Kautilya.
- (a) Karmayoga.
- (b) Svadharma.
- (c) Lokasangraha of the Bhagavadgita.
- (d) Basic teaching of Mahabharata.
- (e) Arthasastra of Kautilya: Social, political and ethical philosophy.

Unit-III

- 1. 'Emotivism' from A.J. Ayer: Language, Truth and Logic, Dover, 1946 (P).
- 2. 'Prescriptivism: The structure of Ethics and Morals' from R.M. Hare: Essays in Ethical Theory, Oxford Press, 1989 (P).

Unit-IV

- 'A Liberal Theory of Justice' from John Rawls: A Theory of Justice.
 Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press, 1971 (P).
- 2. Phillippa Foot: 'Morality as a System of Hypothetical Imperatives'.

Unit- V

1. C.D. Broad: Five types of Ethical Theories (Kant, Hume, Butler). Books Recommended:
Kamlesh Agarwal Kautilya Arthasastra Aivam
Shukra Niti Ki Rajya Vyavasthaien

M.A. (FINAL) 2021-22 M.A. PHILOSOPHY

The course will consist of 5 papers in all. Paper V and IX will be compulsory and paper VI, VII and VIII will be optional. The candidates will be required to select three optional.

V – Approches to contemporary Philosophy (Indian and Western)
VI, VII, (Select any three)

- i. Philosophy of Religion
- ii. Jainism
- iii. Buddhism
- iv. Vedanta Darshan
- v. Philosophy of History
- vi. Philosophy of Gandhi
- vii. Philosophy of Bhagvatagita

viii – (select any one)

- i. Political Philosophy
- ii. Philosophical Essay

ix- Philosophy of Yoga

Approches to contemporary Philosophy (Indian and Western)

PAPER V -APPROACHES TO CONTEMPORARY PHILOSOPHY (INDIAN AND WESTERN) (COMPULSORY)

PAPER IX - POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY (COMPULSORY)

OR

PHILOSOPHYCAL ESSAYS (COMPULSORY)

Note: In this paper candidates would be required to write a long essay of 1500 to 2000 words on any 2 topic out of 8 topics given in two sections, selecting one from each section.

Max. marks: 100 Duration :3 Hrs

Unit-I

Analytical Philosophy

1. **GE.Moore** Refutation of Idealism, Defence of Common sense

2 Russell Logical Positivism

3. Wittgenstein Philosophy and Language, meaning and use.

4. Ryle Systematically misleading Expressions, category

mistake, concept of mind

Unit-II

Logical Positivism: The meaning of verifiability, The Principle of

verification, rejection of Metaphysics

Pragmatism

1. William James

Pragmatic Approach, Theory of truth

2. Pirce

Doubt belief and inquiry, Theory of meaning, Doctrine offallibism.

- 3. Husserl
 - (i) Phenomenological method, Epoche and Reduction.
 - (ii) Concept of Consciousness

Unit-III

- 1. Heidegger: Being and nothingness, man as being in the- world.
- 2. Bradley: Appearance and Reality, Doctrine ofInternal Relation
- 3. Vivekananda: practical Vedanta, universal religion
- 4. Aurobindo: Evolution, mind and supermind, integral yogs
- 1. Iqbal: self, god, man and superman
- 2 Tagore: Religion of man, ideas on education.

- 3. K.C. Bhattacharya : concept of philosophy, subject as freedom, the doctrine of maya.
- 4. Radhakrishnan: intellect and intuition, tha idealist view of life
- 1. J. Krishnamurti: Freedom from the known, analysis of self
- 2 Gandhi: Non- violence, satyagraha, swaraj, critique of modem civilization
- 3. Ambedkar: Varna and the caste sya\stem, neo-

buddhism Books Recommended

1. B.K. Lal Samkaleen pashchatya Darshan

2 Laxmi Saxena Samkaleen Pashchatya Darshan

3. B.K. Lal Samkaleen Bhartiya Darshan

4. Laxmi Saxena Samkaleen Bhartiya Darshar:t

PAPER IX POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY (COMPULSORY)

Note: In this paper candidates would be required to write a long essay of 1500 to 2000 words on any 2 topic out of 8 topics given in two sections, selecting one from each section.

Duration: 3 hrs Max. Marks: 100 Unit-l

Plato, Aristotle

Unit-II

Locke, Rousseau

Unit-III

Mill, Hegel, Marx.

Unit-IV

Concept of state. The limits of Political Control. The locus of

Authority. Unit-V

Sovereignty, Law and Order, Political Government and

Economic-Order. Books Recommended

1. Sabine History of Political Theory

2 Lane V. Lancaster Masters of Political Thought (ed.) Vol III

3.	Barker	Plato and his predecessors
4.	W. T. Jones	Masters of Political thought - Volume II
5 .	M.B. Foaster	Masters of Political thought -Vol. I
6.	J.P. Suda	History of Political thought -I and Vol. II
7.	Machivr e	The modern State
8.	A.C. Kapoor	The Principal of Political Science
(Hind	li & English both)	

9υ	जे.पी. सूद	पाष्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास Vol. I & II
10 ⁰	हरिदत्त वेदालंकार पाष्चात	य राजनीतिक विचार – खण्ड 1 और 2
11 ^ए	ओ.पी. गाबा	राजनीति विज्ञान के आधार तत्व
12 ⁰	बी.एल.फड़िया	राजनीति विज्ञान के सिद्धान्त
13 ⁰	डॉ.पी.डी.ष्पर्मा	पाष्वात्य राजनीतिक विज्ञान का इतिहास

Paper IX B Philosophical Essays (Compulsory)

Note - In this paper candidates would be required to write a long essay of 1500 to 2000 words on any 2 topic out of8 topics given in two sections, selecting one from each section.

Duration: 3 hrs	Max. Marks: 100
------------------------	-----------------

		Section -A	
1.	Moksha	2.	Karmavad
3.	Samkara's Mayavad	4.	Causality
5.	The self	6.	Anuman
7.	Plato's theory of ideas.	8.	Proofs for the existence of God
9.	Substance	10.	Philosophical method
11.	Aristotle's theory of		
	matter and form.	12.	Dialectical method
		Secti	ion - B
1.	Idealism	2.	Realism
3.	Absolutism	4.	Pragmatism

6. Existentialism

Phenomenology

5.

- 7. Mind body relation 8. Concept of value
- 9. Philosophy of Language 10. The task of ethics
- 11. Science and Philosophy

OPTIONAL PAPER VI, VII PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 Unit-1

- 1. The Relevance of Philosophy (from Wilson's Book):
- 2. The claims of Religion (from Wilson's Book).
- 1. Religious Assertions (from wilson's Book).
- 2. Religious Truths (from wilson's Book).
- 1. Religion and Science (from HalTi's Books).
- 2. Modem Superstitions (from Harri's Books).
- 1. Theology and Language (from Harri's Book).
- 2. Nature and God (from Harri's Book).
- 1. The Christian Revelation (from Harri's Book).

2. Evil and Divine Power (from Harri's

Book). Books Prescribed

1. Wilson Philosophy of Religion.

2. Errol E: Harris Philosophy of Religion.

OPTIONAL PAPER VI, VII

JAINISM

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Unit-I

- 1. The problem of Reality and Nature of Dravya.
- 2. The doctrine of Non Absolution (Anekantvad).
- 3. Nature of Jiva Dravya its five states (Bhavas)
- 1. Jiva's description into nine ways as
 - (i) vital (ii) possessing upyoga
 - (iii) formless (iv) actor (karta)
 - (v) enjoyer (vi) Co-extensive with the extension of the body
 - (vii) bonded (viii) Liberated
- (ix) being of the nature of upward going (Urdvagaman)
- 2 Ajiva Dravya Pudgala, Dharma Adharma, Akash and Kal
- 3. Critical exposition of the metaphysical systems Carvaka, Nyaya - vaisesika, Sankhya, Buddhism and Advaita Vedanta

Unit-III

- Jain definition of praman. Critical evaluation of the definitions of pram an according to Nyaya and Buddhism.
- 2 Concept of pram an and Naya. Nature and types of Naya.
- 3. Syadvad and Saptabhangi Naya.
- Knowledge its nature and relation to self, five kinds of knowledge, definition, nature and their objectives (Mati Jnana, Shrut Jnana, Avadhi Jnana, Manah Parya Jnana and Keval Jnana).
- 2. Praman, Pramanyavad, Direct knowledge, nature of Apta and Sarvajya Sidhi.
- 3. Indirect knowledge Memory, Recognition, Tarka, Inerence and Testimony (Agam).

Unit- V

- 1. . Jain Theory of Karma Principles of influx and bondage.
- 2. Nature and Means of Moksha (Triratna).
- 3. Favourable and Unfavourable conditions of moksha and seven tattvas.
 - (i) Jiva (ii) Ajiva (iii) Asrva (iv) Bandh
 - (v) Samvara (vi) Nirjan (vii) Moksha

Books Recommended

8-

 1- मुनिनथमल
 जैन दर्षन मनन और मीमांसा

 2- ब्रह्मदेव
 बृहद् द्रव्य संग्रह

 3- मिल्लसेन
 स्यादवाद मंजरी

 4- बॉ. महेन्द्र कुमार जैन
 जैन दर्षन

 5- अनन्तवीर्य
 प्रमेय रत्नमाला

 6- समन्तभद्र
 आप्त मीमांसा

 7- उमा स्वामी
 तत्वार्थ सूत्र

Optional Paper VI, VII Buddhism

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 Unit-l

- 1. Vasubandhu's discussion against the objections to his philosophy.
- 2 Nature of Consciousness and its different transformations. . .
- 3. Subjective Idealism of Vasubandhu.
- 1. Vasubandhu's explanation of common experience and external objects.
- 2. Sense of Vigyapti after the pudgal nairatma and Dharma Nairatma.
- 3. Apoha theory according to Ratnakiri.

Unit-III

- 1. Nature and types of perception according to Dhannakirti.
- 2 Definition ofInference, nature ofinference for others.(Pararthanuman).
- 3. Hetu and concept of trairupya hetu according to Dharmakirti
- 4. Dharmakirti's views on logic with reference to cognitive and practical behaviour.

Unit-IV

- 1. Nagarjuna's criticism of the concept of praman.
- 2. The role of Reduction and absurdom (Prasangpad anuman) in Nagarjuna's method).
- 3. Nagarjuna's concept of Shunyata and Shunyavad.

Unit-V

- 1. Nagarjuna's debate with opponents for establishment of Shunyavad.
- 2 Theory of dependent origination.
- 3. Relation between Shunyata and dependent origination. Books Prescribed:

Dhamiakirti Nyaya Bindu
 Ratnakirti Apoha Sidhi

3. Vasubandhu Vigaptimatra Sidhi.(Vinshika only)

4. Nagarjuna Vigrah vyavertini

5. Nagarjuna Mool Madhyamik Karika.

Books Recommended

1. Narendra Dev Buddha Dharma Darshan

Tokakura Essentials of Buddhist Philosophy.
 T.R. V. Murti The Central Philosophy of Buddhism.

Optional Paper VI, VII Vedanta Darshan

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 Unit-

ı

Sankara: Brahman, Jiva, Maya, World, Moksha

Unit-II

Ramanuja: Brahman, Jiva, Maya, World, Moksha

Unit-III

Madhava: Brahman, Jiva, Maya, World, Moksha

Unit-IV

Nimbarka: Brahman, Jiva, Maya, World, Moksha

Unit- V

Vallabha: Brahman, Jiva, Maya, World, Moksha

Books prescribed:

1. Brahma Sutra Samkara Bhasya

2. Barahma Sutra Ramanuja Bhasya

3. Brahma Sutra Madhava Bhasya

4. Brahma Sutra Nimbarka Bhasya

5. Brahma Sutra Vallabha Bhasya

6. S.N. Das Gupta History of Indian Philosophy (Vol. I to V related

chapters only)

Optional Paper VI, VII Philosophy of History

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 Unit-l

Chapter I-Historian and his facts (from Carr's Book).

Chapter 2-Society and Individual (from Carr's Book).

Unit- II

Chapter 3-History, Science and Morality (from Carr's Book).

Chapter 4-Causation in History (from Carr's Book).

Unit-III

Chapter 5-History as progress (from Carr's Book).

Chapter 6- Widening Horizons (from Carr's Book).

Unit-IV

Anti naturalistic theories of Historicism (from Popper's Book).

Pro-naturalistic theories of historicism (from Popper's Book).

Unit- V

The criticism of anti naturalistic theories of Historicism (from Popper's Book). The criticism of pro-naturalistic theories of Historicism (from Popper's Book).

Books Prescribed:

1. Carr. E.H. What is History

2. Karl Popper Poverty of Historicism.

Books Recommended

1. Arthur C. Danto Analytical Philosophy of History

2. Patric Cardrit The Nature of Historical Explanation

(Both from Oxford University Press)

Optional Paper VI, VII

Philosophy of Gandhi

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Unit-I

The Gandhian Concept of man.

2. World and God

3. God and Truth.

4. God and evil.

Unit- II

Gandhi's view (If Religion.

2. Unity of all religions.

Hinduism.

Unit-III

Gandhian Ethics.

2. Non - violence and Truth.

Unit-IV

Gandhian Social Philosophy.

2. Varnasharma

Marriage

4. Property and Trustship

Status of women, untouchability.

Unit-V

Gandhian Political Philosophy.

2. Satyagrah.

Democracy

4. Sarvodaya.

Books Recommended

1. M.K. Gandhi

The Story of my experiment with Truth

2. D.M. Dutta

The Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi

3. Ramji Singh

Gandhi Darshan Mimansa

4. Mahadeo Prasad

Social Philosophy of Gandhi

5. Kama K.K.L.

Mahatma Gandhis' Contibution to Hinduism

Optional Paper VI, VII

Philosophy of Bhagwatgita

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Unit-I

Psychological Analysis of Arjuna's Mental Condition.

Criteria of the Imperishable Nature of the Atman.

Characteristics of Sthitaprajna.

Unit-II

Reconciliation of the various apparent contradiction in Gita

Prakrti - Para and Apara

Unit-III

The Brahma Yogi and Nishkam - Karma Yogi

The interdependence of Bhakti, Jnana and Vairagya.

Unit-IV

Personal and impersonal aspects of God.

The meaning of various Vibhuties of God.

Description of Vishvarupa and its reactions in Arjuna's mind.

Unit-V

The, Status of Purushottam.

Divine and Demoniac Heritage

Books Recommended

TilakB.G Gita Rahasya

Munshi Ram Manohar lal Brahma Yoga of the Gita

Paper (IX)

Philosophy of Yoga

Note: There shall be three (03) Sections in the Question paper.

Section A shall consist of ten questions (02 questions from each Unit), of 02 marks each, all compulsory to be answered in around 50 words.

Section B shall consist of seven questions (at least 01 question from each Unit) of 08 marks each, to be answered in around 200 words. Five questions must be answered out of given seven.

Section C shall consist of four questions (maximum 01 question from one Unit) of 20 marks each, to be answered in around 500 words. Two questions must be answered out of given four.

Unit - I

Basic concepts of Sankhya darshan : Dukh, Theory of evolution, Satkarya – vada.

Different Kind of Yoga: Raj yoga, karma yoga, Bhaktiyoga, Jnana Yoga. Yoga in BhagwatGita and other Indian texts and Philosophy. Concept of Panchkosha, Nadi and Vayu.

Unit - II

Patanjali Yoga

Sutra Chapter – I Samadhi Pada

Chapter – II Sadhana Pada

Unit - III

Patanjali Yoga Sutras

Chapter – III Vibhuti Pada

Chapter – IV Kaivalya Pada

Unit - IV

Yama, Niyama, Asmas, Pranayama Dhyan, Samadhi Shatkarma, Mudras, Chakras Bandhas, Sidhhi, Kundain

Study of above concepts described in the following Yogic Texts.

- Hatha Pradipika by Swatmaran

- Vashishtha Samhita (Yogkand)
- Gheramd Saimhita
- Ashtang Yoga by Charandas
- Basic Principles of Yoga Practices
- Scientific basis of Yogic Practices
- Benefits of Yoga Practice
- Yoga practice and food
- Causes of Tridosha (Vata, pitta and Kapha) and yoga therapy
- Stress management and Yoga
- meaning and types of personality; Role of yoga in personality development.
- Meaning and classification of value and Yoga.
- Method, benefits and pictorial representation of stages of SURYA NAMASKAR.

Basic Texts

- Patanjali Yoga Sutra
- Hatha Pradipika by Swatmaram
- Vashishtha Saimhita
- Gherand Samhita
- Ashtang Yoga by Sant Charandas
- पतंजलि योग सूत्र उदयवीरष्शास्त्री
- योगविज्ञान प्रदीपिका : विजयपाल शास्त्री
- Complete books of Yoga: Swami Vivekananda
- Personality development Uday Shankar
- Light of the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali: B.K.S. Iyenger
- . भारतीय योग परम्परा के विविध आयाम : राजकुमारी पाण्डेय